

# 505601 M-Flex CAN Bridge Module

## User Guide

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Launch the 'ProgTool' application by double clicking the icon.



The 'Main' screen will appear and automatically detect compatible Kvaser dongle(s) connected to the PC USB port(s).



Figure 1: Main screen of Marlin CAN-USB Programmer

If multiple Kvaser dongle(s) are connected, you will need to select which one you want to use from the drop down menu as shown:

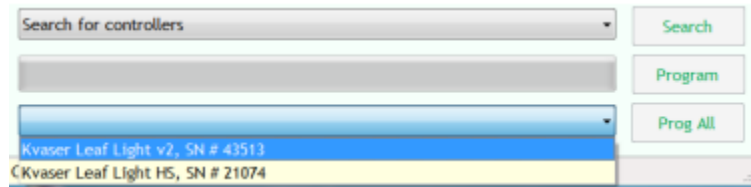


Figure 2: Tool select drop down menu

Once selected, the Marlin CAN USB Programmer will auto-detect any modules connected to that specific Kvaser dongle. Consult the device outline drawing(013284O\_) to ensure the dongle chosen is connected to CAN channel 1 of the desired device.



Figure 3: device being detected on the CAN bus. Shows CAN bus speed, source address and module information.

Note: If just a single Kvaser dongle is connected, the program tool will automatically connect to the dongle and any devices on the CAN bus.

Use the drop down menu from the main screen to navigate to and open XML file 013292S\_.



Figure 4: Choose "Single" from XML drop down menu

A new window will open giving access to the various configurable elements of the CAN Bridge. Type the hexadecimal source address(detected in Figure 3) of the device you are attempting to configure and click the "Read from EEPROM" button. This serves to confirm that you are successfully communicating with the device(as indicated by message in dialog window), and will also put the device into "Beacon" mode. Beacon mode turns both CAN LEDs to an amber color to give the user a visual indicator that the device is being configured. The device will remain in Beacon mode until a "Write to EEPROM" is done, OR until power to the device is cycled. The user can re-enter Beacon mode at any time by clicking the "Read from EEPROM" button.

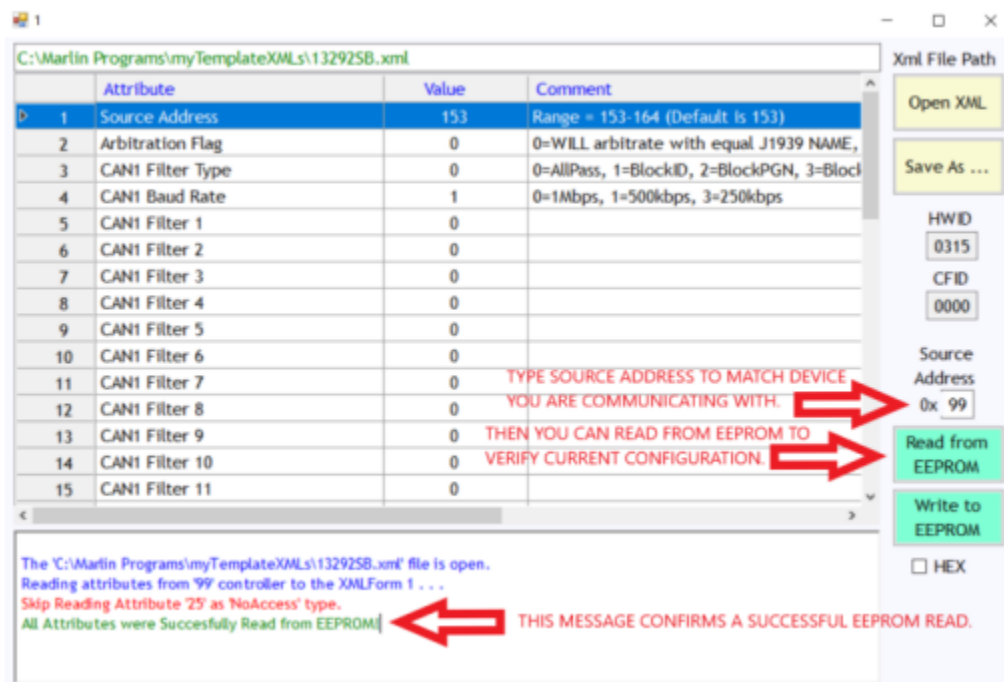


Figure 5: XML spreadsheet opened in separate window. Note the scroll bars. The “Comment” field is cut off by the default size of the window, but contains details regarding acceptable values for the corresponding attribute. There are 20 filters for CAN channel 1, and all attributes are repeated for CAN channel 2 at the bottom of the spreadsheet.

The XML gives the user control over the filter type, baud rate, and specific filter parameters to be set for CAN channel 1 and CAN channel 2.

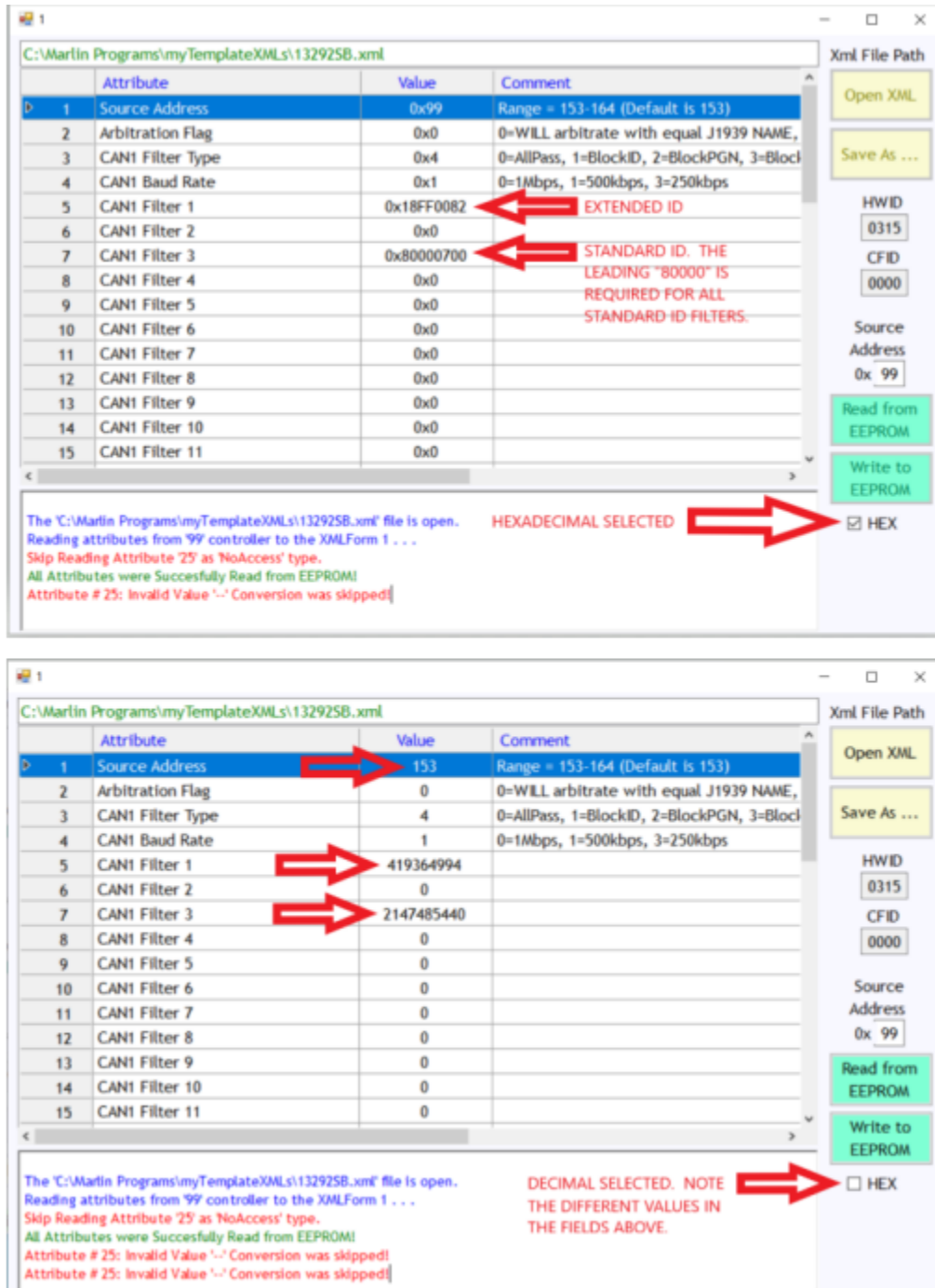
There are seven filter types that can be applied to either CAN channel: Pass All(no filter), Block J1939 ID, Block J1939 PGN, Block J1939 Source Address, Pass J1939 ID, Pass J1939 PGN, and Pass J1939 Source Address. Baud rates of 250K, 500K, and 1M baud are supported and can also be selected. After selecting a filter type and baud rate, the user can enter the applicable data in up to 20 filter fields per channel.

The default source address of the CAN bridge module is 0x99, but if more than one CAN bridge is present, J1939 arbitration will take place. If the user prefers, they can manually select a device source address to avoid J1939 arbitration. The valid range of source addresses is 153(0x99) to 164(0xA4), where 153(0x99) is the default. \*It is recommended to lock the device source address(es) by setting the “Arbitration Flag”=1 once source addresses have been set(either by arbitration or manually).

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Please note: The XML spreadsheet supports both, the standard and extended CAN frame format. Please refer to Figure 6/7 below for a quick reference on Standard/Extended ID format. Refer to specification drawing 013290S\_ for further details on filter composition.

Data can be entered in either decimal or hexadecimal format, but can only be written to the device in the decimal format. There is a convenient check box to quickly convert between the two formats.



The figure consists of two screenshots of the M-Flex CAN Bridge Module software interface, showing the conversion of data between hexadecimal and decimal formats.

**Top Screenshot (Hexadecimal Selected):**

- The "XML File Path" field is set to `C:\Marlin Programs\myTemplateXMLs\132925B.xml`.
- The "Attribute" table shows the following data:

Attribute	Value	Comment
1 Source Address	0x99	Range = 153-164 (Default is 153)
2 Arbitration Flag	0x0	0=WILL arbitrate with equal J1939 NAME,
3 CAN1 Filter Type	0x4	0=AllPass, 1=BlockID, 2=BlockPGN, 3=Block
4 CAN1 Baud Rate	0x1	0=1Mbps, 1=500kbps, 3=250kbps
5 CAN1 Filter 1	0x18FF0082	EXTENDED ID
6 CAN1 Filter 2	0x0	
7 CAN1 Filter 3	0x80000700	STANDARD ID. THE LEADING "80000" IS REQUIRED FOR ALL STANDARD ID FILTERS.
8 CAN1 Filter 4	0x0	
9 CAN1 Filter 5	0x0	
10 CAN1 Filter 6	0x0	
11 CAN1 Filter 7	0x0	
12 CAN1 Filter 8	0x0	
13 CAN1 Filter 9	0x0	
14 CAN1 Filter 10	0x0	
15 CAN1 Filter 11	0x0	
- The "HWID" field is set to 0315.
- The "CFID" field is set to 0000.
- The "Source Address" field is set to 0x 99.
- The "Read from EEPROM" button is highlighted.
- The "Write to EEPROM" button is highlighted.
- The "HEX" checkbox is checked.
- The status bar shows: "The 'C:\Marlin Programs\myTemplateXMLs\132925B.xml' file is open. Reading attributes from '99' controller to the XMLForm 1... Skip Reading Attribute '25' as 'NoAccess' type. All Attributes were Successfully Read from EEPROM! Attribute # 25: Invalid Value '-' Conversion was skipped!"

**Bottom Screenshot (Decimal Selected):**

- The "XML File Path" field is set to `C:\Marlin Programs\myTemplateXMLs\132925B.xml`.
- The "Attribute" table shows the following data:

Attribute	Value	Comment
1 Source Address	153	Range = 153-164 (Default is 153)
2 Arbitration Flag	0	0=WILL arbitrate with equal J1939 NAME,
3 CAN1 Filter Type	4	0=AllPass, 1=BlockID, 2=BlockPGN, 3=Block
4 CAN1 Baud Rate	1	0=1Mbps, 1=500kbps, 3=250kbps
5 CAN1 Filter 1	419364994	
6 CAN1 Filter 2	0	
7 CAN1 Filter 3	2147485440	
8 CAN1 Filter 4	0	
9 CAN1 Filter 5	0	
10 CAN1 Filter 6	0	
11 CAN1 Filter 7	0	
12 CAN1 Filter 8	0	
13 CAN1 Filter 9	0	
14 CAN1 Filter 10	0	
15 CAN1 Filter 11	0	
- The "HWID" field is set to 0315.
- The "CFID" field is set to 0000.
- The "Source Address" field is set to 0x 99.
- The "Read from EEPROM" button is highlighted.
- The "Write to EEPROM" button is highlighted.
- The "HEX" checkbox is unchecked.
- The status bar shows: "The 'C:\Marlin Programs\myTemplateXMLs\132925B.xml' file is open. Reading attributes from '99' controller to the XMLForm 1... Skip Reading Attribute '25' as 'NoAccess' type. All Attributes were Successfully Read from EEPROM! Attribute # 25: Invalid Value '-' Conversion was skipped! Attribute # 25: Invalid Value '-' Conversion was skipped!"

Figure 6/7: Data entered is converted between hexadecimal and decimal simply by checking/unchecking the "HEX" box.

When all attributes are set according to user requirements, and the format is converted to decimal, click the "Write to EEPROM" button to configure device.

The window below will pop-up to confirm your selection. Click "OK" to write attributes to the device or "Cancel" to cancel your selection.

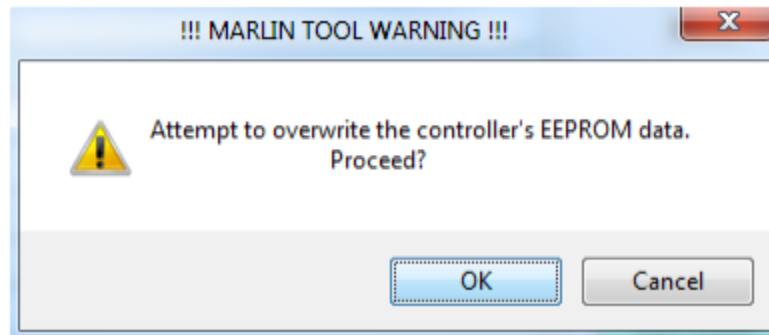


Figure 8: Pop-up window to confirm the user's desire to overwrite the device EEPROM data.

If the dialog box indicates trouble reading/writing from/to the various EEPROM locations, check that the source address is correct, and once again verify the Kvaser dongle is connected to CAN channel 1.

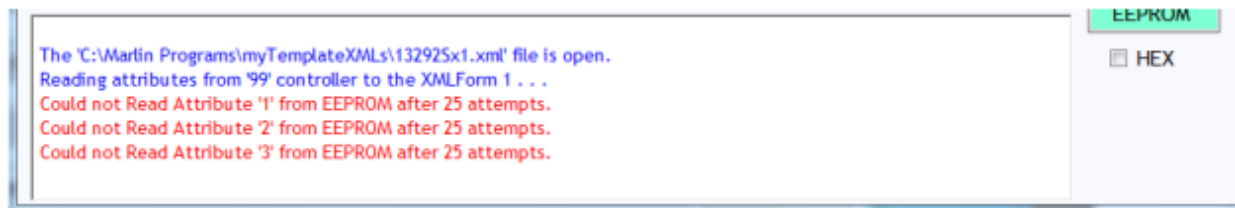


Figure 9: Dialog messages indicating a problem communicating to the selected device.

The dialog box will give positive feedback when the user has successfully configured the device EEPROM.



Figure 10: Dialog message indicating a successful write to the device EEPROM.

If you have any additional comments, questions, or concerns, please contact Marlin Technologies Inc customer service by calling 920-485-4463.